

# Confirm ®

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# **Specifications**

The following sections outline all the Specifications that exist within the Confirm functionality.

### In this section

Confirm Web API

## **Confirm Web API**

#### Introduction

The Confirm Web API is a set of RESTful web APIs, which allows retrieval and modification of data in the Confirm database. The APIs are available automatically with the Confirm web interface.

The APIs can be categorized into two types - Create/Update API and Query API, each of which is described below.

#### **Create/Update API**

This API can be used to create new records and to modify existing records.

The following entities and operations are currently available:

Entity	Operations		
Features	Create a Feature with Feature Conditions, Feature Attributes, Fea- ture Measurements and Feature Dates.		
	Update a Feature with Feature Conditions, Feature Attributes, Feature Measurements and Feature Dates.		
Jobs	Create a Job with Job Items.		
	Update a Job with Job Items.		
	Commit a Job.		
Defects	Create a Defect with Defect Attributes.		
	Update a Defect with Defect Attributes.		
CentralEnquiries	Add Images and Documents to an Enquiry.		
Payments	Create Payment Batch from supplied Jobs. Generates Items auto- matically, according to Job's current outstanding Items and the supplied Job Value.		

For more detailed information on how to use the Confirm Web API, refer to the schema definition:

ConfirmWebApi.yaml

#### Query API

This API is designed to allow 3rd party systems to get data from Confirm.

It is developed using GraphQL language, which gives more flexibility and efficiency. It allows users to ask for what they need and nothing more.

The GraphQL query can be generated either via **Confirm Web - Reporting interface** or directly using GraphQL Introspection.

The query can be captured from Confirm Web - Reporting interface using the browser once a report is run, as described here: **Query API - Query Capture**.

One use of the Query API is to allow an exernal GIS to synchronise data with Confirm, as described here: **Query API - GIS Synchronisation** .

#### **Confirm Web - API Authentication**

Authentication for the Confirm Web API can be achieved using either OAuth or an API Key linked with a Confirm User. See below for more details of each option:

- Generating an OAuth token
- Authenticating with an API Key

#### **Query API - Query Capture**

The query can be captured from Confirm Web - Reporting interface using the browser once a report is run.

This can be done in multiple ways, developer console in browsers being one of them. Sample screen-shot from chrome browser is as below:

😨 DevTools - sky-8433116/confirmwebbeta/app/index.html?tenant=samnbutility 🦳						
🔽 📶 Elements Console Sources Network Performance Memory Application Security Lighthouse ARC Toolkit axe						
🖲 🛇 🕎 🔍 📄 Preserve log 📄 Disabile cache   Online 🛛 🔻 🛧						
20 ms 40 ms	60 ms 80 ms 100 ms 120 ms 140 ms 160 ms 180 ms 200 ms 220 ms 240 ms 260 ms 300 ms	320 ms				
Name	× Headers Preview Response Initiator Timing Cookies					
graphql	▼ General					
	Request URL: http://sky-8433116/confirmwebbeta/api/samnbutility/graphql					
	Request Method: POST					
	Status Code: 🖷 200 0K					
	Remote Address: 192.168.29.4:80					
	Referrer Policy: strict-origin-when-cross-origin					
	Response Headers (11)					
	▶ Request Headers (13)					
	Request Payload view parsed					
	<pre>("query":"{features(filter: {revisionNumber: {greaterThan:1}}){siteCode plotNumber geometry featureType{featureGroup(filter: {code: {contains:\"slst\"}}){cod e}) attribute_SLBH(attributeValuecode) attribute_SLOR{attributeValueCode} revisionNumber}}"</pre>					

The value of query property (without quotes) within 'Request Payload' is the GraphQL query.

Sample GraphQL query is below:

{features(filter: {revisionNumber: {greaterThan:1}}){siteCode plotNumber geometry featureType{featureGroup(filter: {code: {contains:"slst"}}){code}} attribute\_SLBH{attributeValueCode} attribute\_SLOR{attributeValueCode} revisionNumber}}

The results are returned in the JSON format and can be seen in the developer console of the browser as well. Sample screen-shot from chrome browser below:

😨 DevTools - sky-8433116/confirm	webbeta/app/index.html?	tenant=samnbutility			
🕞 💼 🛛 Elements Console	Sources Network	Performance Memo	y Application Security	Lighthouse ARC	Toolkit axe
● ◎   ▼ ♀   □ Preserve	e log 🗌 Disable cache	Online 🔻 🛓 🛨			
20 ms 40 ms	60 ms 80 ms	100 ms 120 ms	140 ms 160 ms	180 ms 200 ms	220 ms 24
Name	× Headers Preview	v Response Initiator	Timing Cookies		
grapinų:	<pre>* data: {features:</pre>	<pre>[{siteCode: "2000006", plot teCode: "47700239", plot e_SLBH: {attributeValu tteValueCode: "2" e_SLOR: {attributeValu tteValueCode: "2" ype: {featureGroup: {cr Group: {code: "SLST"} "SLST" : "POINT (-3.756417 51 er: 100015 yumber: 3 : "47700239", plot Code: "47700239", plot</pre>	<pre>, plotNumber: 1, geometry tNumber: 1, geometry: "F Number: 100015, geometry code: "2"} code: "2"} scode: "2"} scode: "2"} scode: "2"} scode: "SLST"}} scode: "SLST"}} scode: "00016, geometry Number: 100017, geometry Number: 100028, geometry Number: 100022, geometry Number: 100025, geometry Number: 100025, geometry Number: 100025, geometry Number: 100025, geometry Number: 100025, geometry Number: 100026, geometry Number: 100026, geometry Number: 100026, geometry Number: 100027, geometry Number: 100027, geometry</pre>	<pre>ry: "POINT (-74.004004 POINT (-74.004004 40.8 POINT (-74.004004 40.8 POINT (-3.755417 5 POINT (-3.755485 5 "POINT (-3.755489 5 "POINT (-3.755493 51 "POINT (-3.75464 5 "POINT (-3.75464 5 "POINT (-3.75464 5 "POINT (-3.75464 5 "POINT (-3.75464 5 "POINT (-3.75464 5 "POINT (-3.75391 5 "POINT (-3.75391 5 "POINT (-3.752986 5 "POINT (-3.752986 5 "POINT (-3.752986 5 "POINT (-3.752986 5)"</pre>	40.868176)",},] 68176)",},] 1.569529)",} 1.569529)",} 1.569591)",} 1.569591)",} 1.569567)",} 1.569420]",} 1.569420]",} 1.569427)",} 1.569467)",} 1.569457)",}

The captured query can also be run in a REST API client (like Postman), GraphQL query needs to be supplied as a query parameter in the GET request. Sample URL below:

https://ConfirmWebServer/ConfirmWeb/api/DatabaseName/graphql

#### **Query API - GIS Synchronisation**

One use of the Query API is GIS Synchronisation, where an external GIS can use the Query API to obtain up to date Feature data from Confirm.

GIS synchronization is based on Revision Number field hence it needs be part of API requests. Revision Number is used to keep track of when a feature was last updated so that only Confirm Features that have changed since the last synchronisation are fetched.

The response of this would be JSON list of features with specified columns filtered by the criteria specified in the query. Below is the sample screen-shot of GET API run in the Postman tool:

GET ht	tp://sky-84331	1 •	+ 000			No Environmer	nt	$\sim$	0
http:	://sky-843311	l6/confirm	nwebbeta/api/samn	butility/grapho	ql?query={features(filter: {revisionN	lumber: { 🖺 Save	~	P	
GET	GET v http://sky-8433116/confirmwebbeta/api/samnbutility/graphql?query={features(filter: {revisionNumber: Send v								
Param	ns  Autho	orization (	Headers (7)	Body Pre	-request Script Tests Setting	S		Cookies	
Quer	y Params								
	KEY			VALUE		DESCRIPTION	000	Bulk Edit	
	query			{features	(filter: {revisionNumber: {greaterT				
	Кеу			Value		Description			
Body	Cookies H	leaders (1	1) Test Results		۵ 200	OK 1276 ms 103.78 KB	Save Re	sponse 🗸	
Pret	tty Raw	Previe	ew Visualize	JSON $\vee$	⊒				
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	ي ۱۰۰۰ dat	a": { "feature 	s": [ "siteCode": "20 "plotNumber": 1 "geometry": "PO "featureType": "featureGrou	00006", .00, ENT (-74.004 & up": {	004 40.868176)",				

**Note:** A revision number could include up to 1000 features. Hence it is recommended to have a maximum revision number on GraphQL queries when performing initial synchronization in order to limit the results.

#### Generating an OAuth token

Follow the steps to generate an OAuth token:

- 1. Obtain your API Key (Username) and Secret (password) from Confirm system administrator
- 2. To generate the OAuth Token, encode your credentials (API Key and Secret) using base64 computation mechanism. To do this, provide API KEY and Secret to the base64 encoder (online encoder can be used), and generate the encoded 'base64value'.
- 3. The following format should be used while computing the {BASE64VALUE}:

{API KEY}:{SECRET}

**4.** Enter the generated 'base64value' in the header of the request and call the token URI as shown in Figure 1 below:

Here, {tenant} is the tenant name and {Confirm web url} is the URL where Confirm web is deployed, like https://ConfirmWebServer/ConfirmWeb/.

5. The access token is returned as Figure 2 below

```
Figure 1:
```

Authorization: Basic {base64Value} Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded POST {Confirm web url}/api/{tenant}/oauth/token grant\_type=client\_credentials

Figure 2:

. "access\_token": "{your access token as a Base64 encoded value}",

```
"token_type": "bearer",
"expires_in": {The expiry time in seconds}
}
```

#### Authenticating with an API Key

Follow the steps to generate an API Key for a Confirm User and use in a Confirm Web API:

- **1.** On the User Security screen use the API Key button to generate an API for the User. Make sure you store this key securely, since it will not be accessible directly in Confirm again.
- **2.** The following format should be used while computing the {BASE64VALUE}:
  - {username}:{api key}
- **3.** Enter the generated 'base64value' in the header of the request and call the Confirm Web URI as shown below:

Authorization: Basic {base64Value}